

Switching from Paper/Nees to eCTD: The importance of baseline eCTDs

userBridge 2010

21.09.2010 - 23.09.2010, Frankfurt

Dr. Michael Braun
Exalon GmbH

EXALON
eCTD-Experts

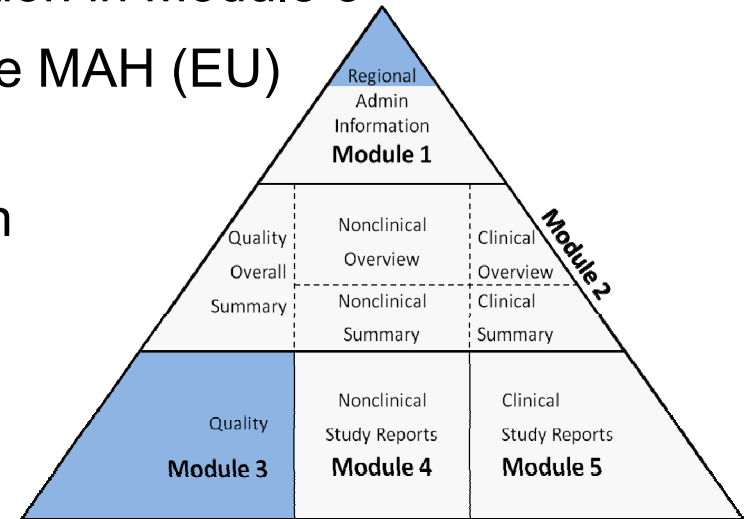
What is an eCTD baseline?

- ▶ Formal eCTD life cycle initiation step for existing drug dossiers:
 - ▶ Post-approval phase
 - ▶ Type “reformat”, no new contents, no hyperlinks
 - ▶ No assessment, only upload into agencies review system
 - ▶ Ideally in timely context of a new regulatory activity
- ▶ Can occur multiple times during eCTD life cycle

eCTD baseline Content

Introduction | Challenges | Example | Frequent Issues | Conclusion

- ▶ Should include:
 - ▶ Complete and approved Quality information in Module 3
 - ▶ Cover letter + signed declaration from the MAH (EU) additional M1 requirements in CH
 - ▶ “Common” approved Product Information
- ▶ Additional content optional
- ▶ Supplements during later eCTD life cycle possible



eCTD baseline Requirements

Introduction | Challenges | Example | Frequent Issues | Conclusion

- ▶ The eCTD baseline is an European concept
 - ▶ Not yet mentioned in guidelines from US, CA and other regions
 - ▶ On EU level “encouraged” (EMA) or “highly encouraged” (TIGes)
 - ▶ On NCA level “preferred” or “strongly recommended”
 - ▶ In CH highly recommended
- ▶ **But not mandatory (yet)!**



eCTD baseline

Feedback from clients

Introduction | Challenges | Example | Frequent Issues | Conclusion

- ▶ Although it's purpose and benefits seem to be obvious the reaction from new clients is often:
 - ▶ *„Do I really need to do a baseline first?“*
 - ▶ *„We don't have the resources right now, we just want to start with the eCTD“*
 - ▶ *„What's the benefit of redoing all that documentation ?“*
 - ▶ *„Base... Sorry?“*

eCTD baseline

Strategic challenges

Introduction | Challenges | Example | Frequent Issues | Conclusion

- ▶ Business focus on new / initial drug applications (“fancy” projects)
 - ▶ Management support for switching to eCTD limited
 - ▶ Resources limited
- ▶ Sometimes less experienced staff responsible
 - ▶ Awareness of eCTD requirements limited
 - ▶ Additional software licenses required

eCTD baseline

Practical challenges

Introduction | Challenges | Example | Frequent Issues | Conclusion

- ▶ Reworking of documentation required:
 - ▶ “Historic” documentation, not available in CTD format
 - ▶ Granularity
 - ▶ “Section overview” docs, explanatory docs, TOCs, placeholders, etc..
 - ▶ Paper and scanned PDFs
- ▶ Switch in business practice: from parallel “old paper world” to sequential “new eCTD world”

eCTD baseline Consequences

Introduction | Challenges | Example | Frequent Issues | Conclusion

- ▶ An eCTD baseline costs time + money!
- ▶ "...Default industry position to not require the supply of a baseline for existing applications and that the decision is owned and managed by the applicant..."

Efpia Presentation Nov 2009 at HMA meeting

Real-life example

Without eCTD baseline

- ▶ National licensed product (Spain), post-approval phase
 - ▶ Single, simple dossier containing 1 x 3.2.S and 1 x 3.2.P
 - ▶ To be switched from paper to eCTD
without prior submission of a baseline eCTD

*“The switch from paper to electronic-only can be made at the start of any phase in the life cycle of a medicinal product, initial application or a later variation... **Historical data does not need to be re-submitted electronically...**” [AEMPS website, 2009]*



Real-life example

Starting point (2009)

Introduction | Challenges | Example | Frequent Issues | Conclusion

- ▶ No baseline submission due to time and resource constraints
- ▶ Trigger: subsequent renewal procedure
- ▶ eCTD life cycle to start with a type II variation, further sequences filed in “close timely context”
- ▶ M3 documents to be reformatted in CTD format from NtA at the time of filing *only as required per life cycle sequence concerned*

Real-life example

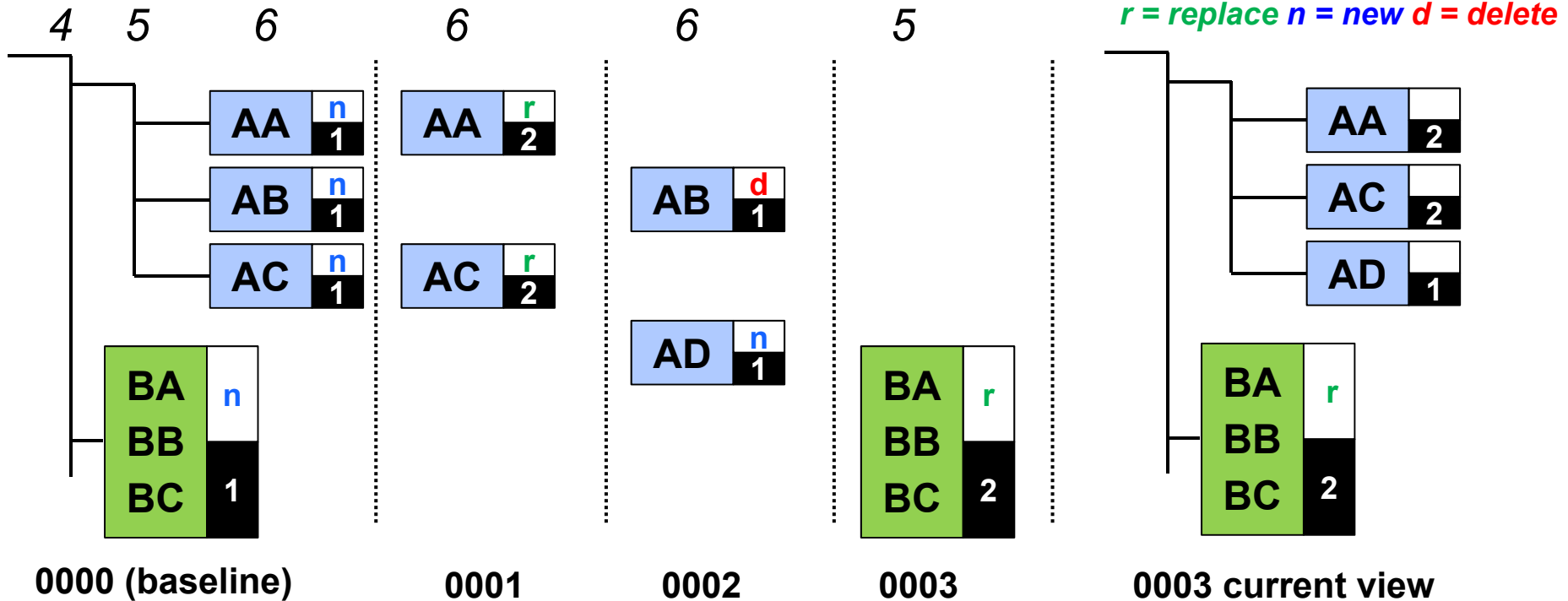
Problems experienced

Introduction | Challenges | Example | Frequent Issues | Conclusion

- ▶ Typical practical challenges as with eCTD baseline!
- ▶ Referencing to background information was not possible
- ▶ No “complete picture” of the registration dossier; paper and electronic archive in parallel
- ▶ Updated content (compared to “paper baseline”) submitted as “new” instead of “replace”
- ▶ **Difficulties in establishing optimal level of granularity**
- ▶ **Problems assigning correct life cycle “operation” attributes**

“Fixed” granularity with baseline – dos

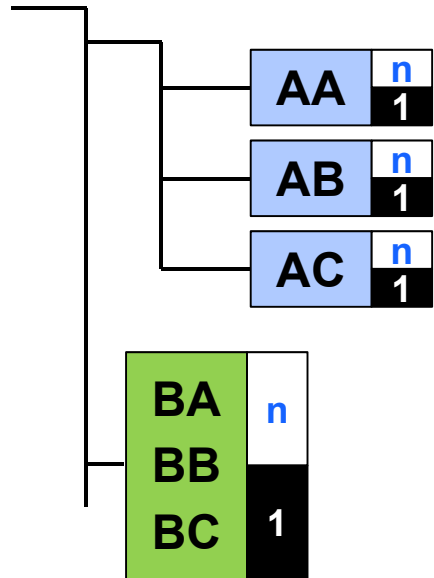
TOC level



“Fixed” granularity with baseline – don’ts

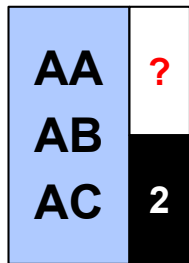
TOC level

4 5 6



0000 (baseline)

5

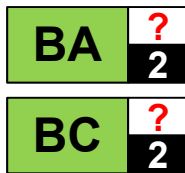


n:1
replace?

0001

6

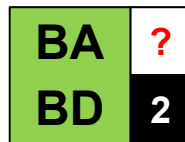
1:n
replace?



0002

6

“partial”
replace?



0003

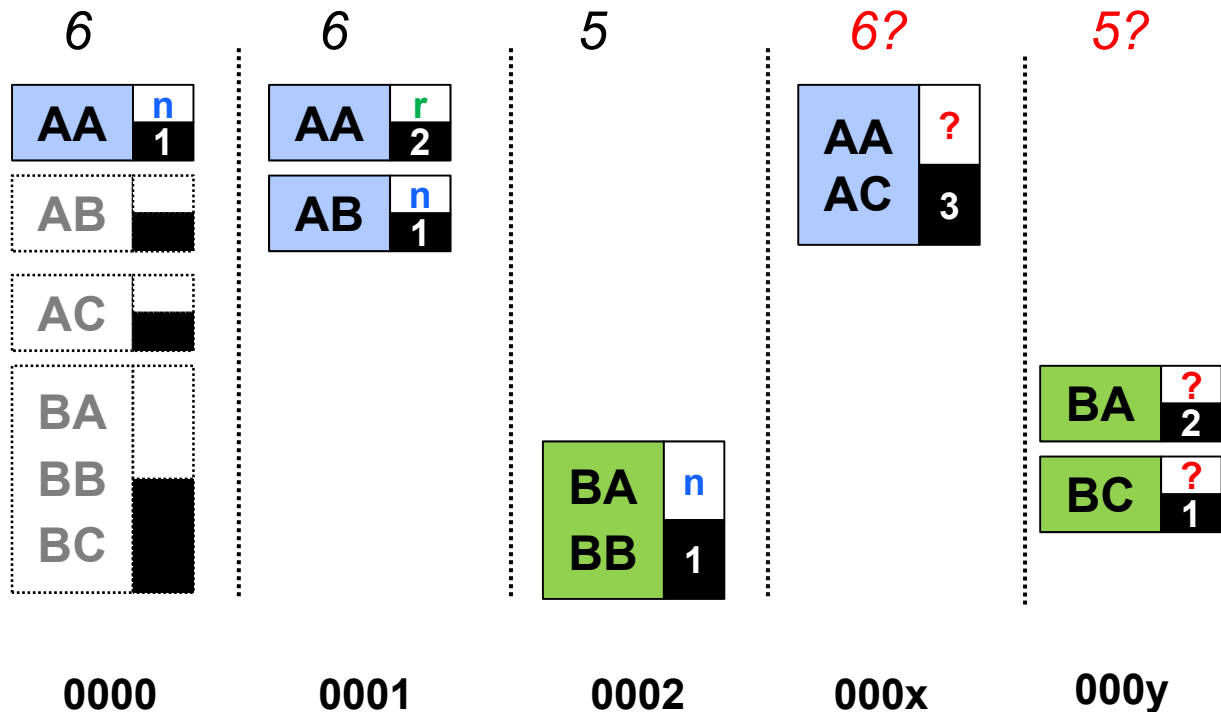
r = replace n = new d = delete



current view

And now... without baseline

TOC level



What if....
several months are
between 0002,
000x, 000y?

What if....
the responsible
person has
changed?

Granularity issues without baseline

0000

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 1
1) Control A (1)
2) Control B (1)

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 2
3) Control C (1)
4) Control D (1)

5) Control E
6) Control F
not submitted

000n

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 3
1) Control A (2)
5) Control E (1)

New ?

Current

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 1
1) Control A (1)
2) Control B (1)

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 2
3) Control C (1)
4) Control D (1)

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 3
1) Control A (2)
5) Control E (1)

Granularity issues without baseline (cont'd)

0000

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 1
1) Control A (1)
2) Control B (1)

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 2
3) Control C (1)
4) Control D (1)

5) Control E
6) Control F
not submitted

000n

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 3
1) Control A (2)
5) Control E (1)

Replace ?

Current

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 3
1) Control A (2)
5) Control E (1)

3.2.S.2.3 Doc 2
3) Control C (1)
4) Control D (1)

2) Control B ?

- ▶ Consider the same things as with eCTD baseline – but redundantly!
- ▶ Subsequent eCTD sequences must match the granularity level of the previous ones; select highest level of granularity possible
- ▶ No „current view“ of complete dossier:
 - ▶ Tracking of dossier content difficult
 - ▶ Tracking of regulatory status of individual documents difficult
- ▶ Parallel repository for eCTD and legacy / paper documents required *at sponsor and agencies*

Conclusions (cont'd)

- ▶ Increased risk of inconsistencies
 - ▶ Increased risk of questions / refusals
 - ▶ Increased risk of additional response / correction sequences
- ▶ Only short-term advantage, more disadvantages in the long-term
- ▶ Definitely not recommended for complex multinational procedures

Thank You !

Contact

Dr. Michael Braun

Exalon GmbH, Fritz-Reichle-Ring 8

78315 Radolfzell am Bodensee, Germany

+49(0)7732.939.1650, info@exalon.com